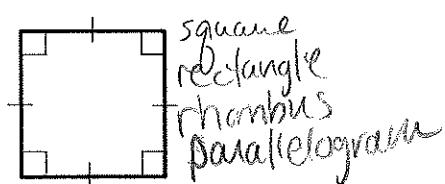
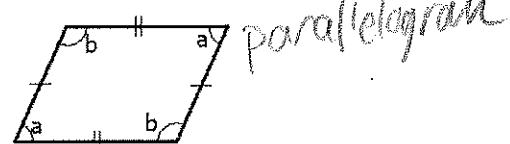


Quadrilaterals Review

For numbers 1-6 classify the quadrilaterals in all ways possible.



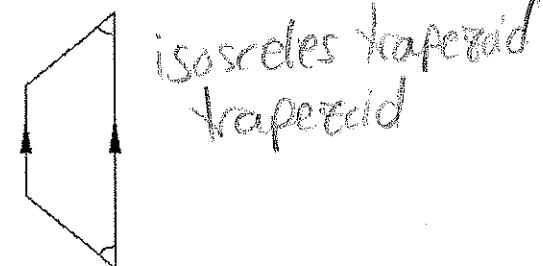
1.



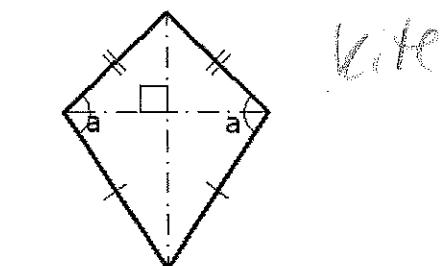
2.



3.



4.



5.



6.

For numbers 7-13 determine if the statements are true or false.

7. All trapezoids are quadrilaterals

T

8. All rectangles are squares

F

9. All rhombi are parallelograms

T

10. All parallelograms are rhombi

F

11. All trapezoids are isosceles

F

12. All kites are quadrilaterals

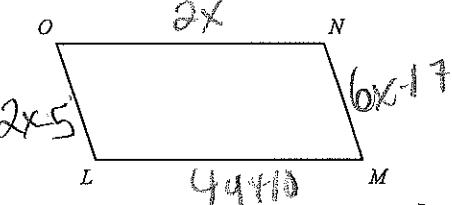
T

13. All quadrilaterals are parallelograms.

F

14. Choose three true statements above and draw a venn-diagram to represent the relationship

15. If LMNO is a parallelogram, $OL = 2x-5$, $NM=6x-17$, $ON=2x$, and $LM=4y+10$ find the values of x and y.



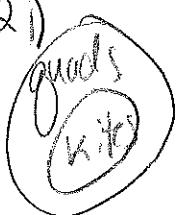
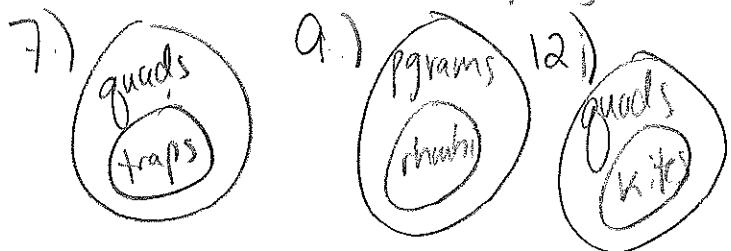
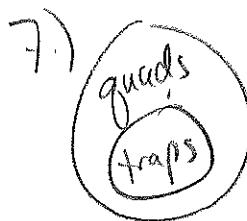
$$2x-5 = 6x-17$$

$$12 = 4x$$

$$3 = x$$

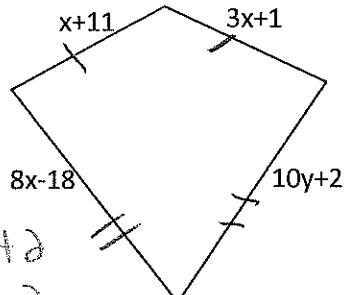
(1)

$$\begin{aligned} 2(3) &= 4y+10 \\ 6 &= 4y+10 \\ -4 &= 4y \\ +1 &= y \end{aligned}$$



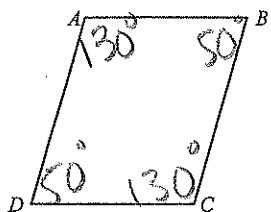
16. Find the values of x and y for the kite below.

$$\begin{aligned}x+11 &= 3x+1 \\-2x &= -10 \\x &= 5\end{aligned}$$

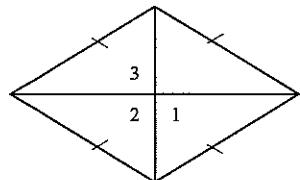


$$\begin{aligned}8(5)-18 &= 10y+2 \\40-18 &= 10y+2 \\22 &= 10y+2 \\20 &= 10y \\2 &= y\end{aligned}$$

17. If the measure of angle DAB is 130 degrees, find the remaining angle measures.



18. Find the variable values for x, y, and z for the following rhombus. $m\angle 1 = 9x$, $m\angle 2 = 3x + 10y$, $m\angle 3 = 15z$.

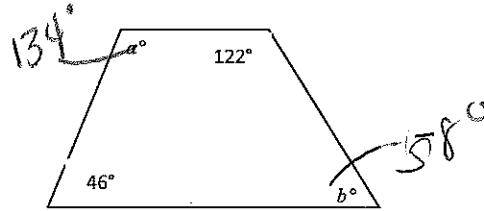


$$\begin{aligned}\angle 1 &= 90 \\90 &= 9x \\10 &= x\end{aligned}$$

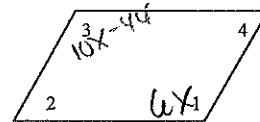
$$\begin{aligned}\angle 2 &= 90 \\90 &= 3x + 10y \\90 &= 3(10) + 10y \\90 &= 30 + 10y \\60 &= 10y \\6 &= y\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\angle 3 &= 90 \\90 &= 15z \\6 &= z\end{aligned}$$

19. Find the angle measures. Note: the diagram is not isosceles.

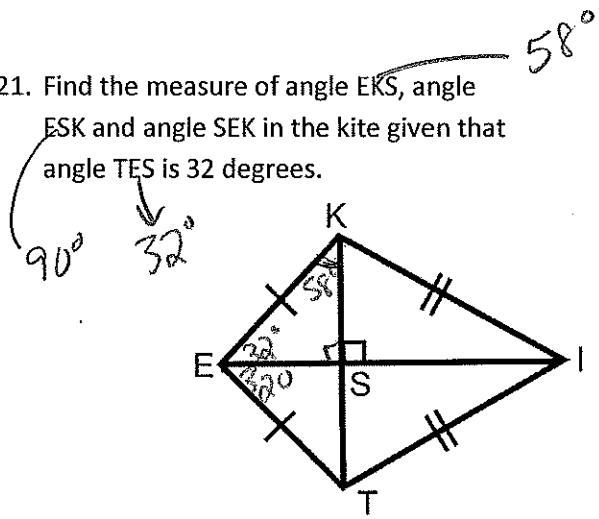


20. Find the value of x if $m\angle 1 = 6x$ and $m\angle 3 = 10x - 44$



$$\begin{aligned}6x &= 10x - 44 \\-4x &= -44 \\x &= 11\end{aligned}$$

21. Find the measure of angle EKS, angle ESK and angle SEK in the kite given that angle TES is 32 degrees.



22. Review – use the diagram below

- Name 3 collinear points A, G, C
- Give another name for line AC. \overleftrightarrow{AB}
- Name the plane in the diagram. $\triangle ACE$

